#### CERTIFICATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, PERFORMANCE MEASURES, AND STATISTICS DISCLOSED BY EASTLAND NETWORK LIMITED

We, Trevor William Taylor and Roger Neil Taylor, directors of Eastland Network Ltd certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge, -

- (a) The attached audited financial statements of Eastland Network Ltd, prepared for the purposes of requirement 6 of the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004 comply with those Requirements; and
- (b) The attached information, being the derivation table, financial performance measures, efficiency performance measures, energy delivery efficiency performance measures, statistics and reliability performance measures in relation to Eastland Network Limited, and having been prepared for the purposes of requirements 15, 16, 20 and 21 of the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004, comply with those Requirements.

The valuations on which those financial performance measures are based are as at 31 March 2004.

Director

Dated this  $\frac{2\pi}{2}$  day of February 2008.

....... Director

## **Statement of Financial Performance**

For the year ended 31 March 2007

	Note	2007	2006
		\$'000	<b>\$'00</b> 0
Operating Revenue	2	26,184	25,507
Operating Expense	3	<u>17,104</u>	<u>15,409</u>
Earnings before Interest and Tax		9,080	10,098
Interest Expense	4	<u>3,499</u>	3,220
Net Surplus before Tax		5,581	6,878
Taxation Expense	5	2,363	<u>2,061</u>
Net Surplus after Tax		3,218	4,817

#### **Statements of Movements in Equity**

For the year ended 31 March 2007

	Note	2007 \$'000	2006 \$′000
Total equity at beginning of year		<u>50,710</u>	<u>48,117</u>
Net Surplus after Tax Increase (decrease) in value of Proper	ty, plant	3,218	4,817
and equipment recognised in equity System Assets	8	<u>(242)</u>	<u>. (45)</u>
Total recognised revenues and expens	ies	2,976	4,772
Distributions to Owners Dividends Total Distributions to owners		<u>3,338</u> 3,338	<u>2,179</u> 2,179
Total Equity at end of year	7	<u>50,348</u>	<u>50,710</u>

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Statement of Financial Position**

As at 31 March 2007

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	Note	2007 \$'000	2006 \$′000
Current Assets Cash Receivables and prepayments Total Current Assets	10	2,057 <u>2,503</u> 4,560	2,682 552 5,234
Non current Assets Property, plant and equipment Total Non Current Assets	9	<u>99,892</u> 99,892	<u> </u>
Total Assets		<u>104,452</u>	<u>103,071</u>
<b>Current Liabilities</b> Payable and accruals Total Current Liabilities	11	<u>4,966</u> 4,966	<u>4,979</u> 4,979
Non Current Liabilities Intercompany borrowings Deferred Taxation Capital Notes Total Non Current Liabilities	12 6 17	34,800 4,338 <u>10,000</u> 49,138	34,100 3,282 <u>10,000</u> 47,382
Total Liabilities		54,104	52,361
Net Assets		50,348	50,710
Total Equity	7	50,348	50,710

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Statement of Cash Flows

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For the year ended March 2007		
Not	e 2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
Cash flows from (used in) operating a Cash provided from:	ctivities	
Receipts from customers Interest received Net GST	26,479 38 _ <u>104</u> 26,621	25,708 127 <u>64</u> 25,899
Cash applied to: Payments to suppliers and employee Income tax paid Interest paid	s (13,054) (1,721) <u>(3,932)</u> <u>(18,707)</u>	(11,681) (2,968) <u>(1,114)</u> ( <u>15,763)</u>
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities 13	7,914	10,136
<b>Cash flows from (used in) investing ac</b> Cash provided from: Disposal of property, plant and equip		-
Cash applied to: Acquisition of property, plant and equ Net cash flows from (used in) investin		<u>(6,902)</u> (6,902)
Net cash flows from (used In) financing act Cash provided from: Proceeds of borrowings 12	ivities 700	34,100
Net cash flows from (used in) financin Cash applies to:	g activities	
Repayment of borrowings Dividends paid	(3,338) (3,338)	(33,800) <u>(2,179)</u> <u>(35,979)</u>
Net cash flows from (used in) financin	g activities. (2,638)	(1,879)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held Add opening cash brought forward Ending cash carried forward.	(625) <u>2,682</u> <u>2,057</u>	1,355 <u>1,327</u> 2,682

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Statement of Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

for the year ended 31 March 2007

#### (A) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements for the Eastland Network Limited Electricity Lines Business (the "Electricity Lines Business") have been prepared for the purpose of giving information about the Electricity Lines Business to the Commerce Commission.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004 on the basis of historical cost modified by the revaluation of certain items of property, plant & equipment as identified in the specific accounting policies below.

Eastland Network Limited (the Company) receives management services from a fellow subsidiary Eastland Infrastructure Limited for which it pays management fees. For the purpose of the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004, financial Information from Eastland Infrastructure Limited has been used to provide a detailed breakdown of the management fee.

The Company has adopted a policy to apply the avoidable cost allocation methodology (ACAM) described in the Electricity Information Disclosure Handbook 31 March 2004, for the allocation of revenue, costs, assets and liabilities between the regulated Electricity Lines Business and the activities of Eastland Network Limited.

The costs have been allocated on the following basis

- Direct allocation of all components of financial statement items which are directly attributable to the specific businesses.
- For any components of the financial statement items that are not directly attributable to a specific business:
  - By assessing the proportions of those components which are avoidable and non-avoidable; and
  - Allocating those components amongst the businesses on the basis of those proportions using an appropriate cost allocator.

The two main allocators used are the number of employees and the book value of property, plant and equipment. Some costs such as IT costs and non-system asset depreciation are separately analysed and allocated using allocations specific to those costs.

Allocators are also used to allocate balance sheets assets and liabilities that are not directly attributable to the Electricity Lines Business. Debt and equity are allocated to the Electricity Lines Business on the basis of the debt to equity ratio of the Company.

#### (B) Basis of Recognising Components of the Financial Statements

The following general accounting policies are adopted:

Assets

A transaction results in an asset being recognised in the statement of financial position when it will probably give rise to ongoing benefits for the Electricity Lines Business, and those benefits can be measured with reliability.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies continued

## (B) Basis of Recognising Components of the Financial Statements (continued)

#### Liabilities

A transaction results in a liability being recognised in the statement of financial position when it will probably give rise to the need for the Electricity Lines Business to sacrifice assets in the future, and those sacrifices can be measured with reliability.

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised in the statement of financial performance when a transaction gives rise to an increase in the value of the Electricity Lines Business's net assets, and that increase can be measured with reliability.

#### Expenses

An expense is recognised in the statement of financial performance when a transaction results in a decrease in the value of the Electricity Lines Business's net assets, and that decrease can be measured with reliability.

#### Classification of assets and liabilities between current and non-current

An amount is classified as current when it is expected to be settled or extinguished within one year of the date of the financial statements. All other amounts are classified as non-current.

### (C) Property, plant and equipment

#### Owned Assets

Property, Plant & equipment is initially stated at cost and depreciated as outlined below. Where appropriate, the cost of property, plant & equipment includes site preparation costs, installation costs, and the cost of obtaining resource consents.

#### Leased Assets

Leases in terms of which the Electricity Lines Business assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Assets of the Electricity Lines Business acquired by way of finance lease are stated at an amount equal to the present value of the future minimum lease payments, and are depreciated as outlined below.

#### Revaluations

Land and buildings are stated at valuation as determined, on a cyclical basis not exceeding three years by an independent valuer. The basis of valuation is market value less the estimated costs of disposal. The valuation is based on assessment of the highest and best use, which is equivalent to existing use.

#### Statement of Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (C) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Network assets are stated at valuation as determined, on a cyclical basis not exceeding five years. The basis of valuation is optimised depreclated replacement cost, as reviewed by an independent engineering consultant.

Any surplus on revaluation is transferred directly to equity unless it offsets a previous decrease in value recognised in the statement of financial performance, in which case it is recognised in the statement of financial performance. A decrease in value is recognised in the statement of financial performance where it exceeds the surplus previously transferred to equity.

#### Disposal of Property, plant and equipment

Where property, plant and equipment is disposed of, the profit or loss recognised in the statement of financial performance is calculated as the difference between the sale price and the carrying value of the property, plant & equipment.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to allocate the cost or revalued amount of an asset, less any residual value, over its useful life.

Major depreclation periods are:	
Buildings	40 - 100 years
Distribution system	10 - 60 years
Motor Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Computer Equipment &	3 – 5 years
Software	
Plant & Equipment	5 - 15 years

#### (D) Receivables

Receivables are stated at estimated realisable value after providing against debts where collection is doubtful.

#### (E) Taxation

#### Income Tax

The income tax expense charged to the statement of financial performance includes both the current year's provision and the income tax effect of timing differences calculated using the liability method.

Tax effect accounting is applied on a comprehensive basis to all timing differences. A debit balance in the deferred tax account arising from timing differences or income tax benefits from income tax losses is only recognised if there is virtual certainty of realisation.

#### Statement of Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (E) Taxation (continued)

#### <u>Other taxes</u>

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- Where the GST is incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

#### (F) Financial Instruments

The Company is party to financial instruments as part of its normal operations. These financial instruments include bank accounts, investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and term borrowings. All financial instruments of the Electricity Lines Business are recognised in the statement of financial position and all revenues in relation to financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

Except for those items covered by a separate accounting policy, all financial instruments are shown at their fair value.

#### (G) Foreign Currency

#### Exchange differences

Short term transactions covered by forward foreign exchange contracts are translated at the exchange rates specified in those contracts. Other foreign currency transactions are translated to New Zealand currency at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at balance date not covered by forward foreign exchange contracts are translated at the exchange rates ruling on balance date. Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of financial performance.

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at balance date covered by forward foreign exchange contracts are translated at the exchange rates specified in those contracts.

#### Statement of Significant Accounting Policies continued

#### (H) Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and short term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash comprises cash balances (net of bank overdrafts) and demand deposits. Operating activities include all transactions and other events that are not investing or financing activities. Investing activities are those activities relating to the acquisition and disposal of current and non-current investments and any other noncurrent assets. Financing activities are those activities relating to changes in the equity and debt capital structure of the company and the group and those activities relating to the cost of servicing the company's and the group's equity capital.

#### (I) Employee Entitlements

The Electricity Lines Business does not directly employ any employees with employee services being provided by Eastland Infrastructure Limited. The cost is included in the management fee paid by Eastland Network Limited which has been allocated to separate line items for the purpose of these Financial Statements. Refer to the Basis of Preparation and Note 3.

A provision for employee entitlements is recognised for benefits earned by Eastland Infrastructure Limited employees performing Electricity Lines Business activities but not yet received at balance date. Employee benefits include salaries, wages, annual leave and long service leave. Where payment is expected to be made within twelve months of balance date, the provision is the estimated amount expected to be paid by the Electricity Lines Business. Where payment is expected to be longer term, the liability is recorded at its present value.

#### (J) Changes in Accounting Policies

There have been no changes in accounting policies. All Policies have been applied on bases consistent with those in the prior year.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2007

-	0	-		2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
2	(a) (b)	ating i	revenue Revenue from line/access charges: Revenue from "Other" business for services	24,488	22,914
	(c)		carried out by the line business (transfer paymen Interest on cash, bank balances and short term	91	98
	(0)		investments:	38	88
	(d)		AC loss-rental rebates:	1,048	1,290
	(e)		Other revenue not listed in (a) to (d):	519	1,117
	(f)		Total operating revenue	26,184	25,507
3	Opera	ating e	expenses		
_	(a)		Payment for transmission charges	6,059	5,046
	(b)		Transfer payments to the "Other" business for:	-	•
		(i)	Asset maintenance:	-	-
		(ii)	Consumer disconnection/reconnection services:	-	-
		(iii)	Meter data: Consumer-based load control services:	-	-
		(iv) (v)	Royalty and patent expenses:	-	-
		(•)	Avoided transmission charges on account of		
		(vi)	own generation	1,262	1,293
		. ,	Other goods and services not listed in (i) to (vi)		
		(vii)	above		
			Total transfer payment to the "Other"	1 262	4 9 9 9
		(vili)	business	1,262	1,293
	<i>,</i> ,		Expense to entities that are not related parties		
	(c)	(1)	for:	2 010	1 001
		(i) (ii)	Asset maintenance: Consumer disconnection/reconnection services	2,018	1,891
		(iii)	Meter data	-	-
		(iv)	Consumer-based load control services	-	-
		(v)	Royalty and patent expenses	~	-
			Total of specified expenses to non-related		
		(vi)	partles (sum of (i) to (v))	2,018	1,891
	(d)		Employee salaries, wages and redundancies Consumer billing and information system	1,704	922
	(e)		expense	78	80
	(f)		Depreciation on:	-	-
	(1)	(i)	System fixed assets:	3,428	3,268
		(ií)	Other assets not listed in (i)	210	218
		(111)	Total depreciation	3,638	3,486
	(g)		Amortisation of:		
		(i)	Goodwill:	-	-
		(ii) (iii)	Other intangibles: Total amortisation of intangibles	-	-
		(11)	Total amortisation of mitaliginies	-	-

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

- the ye	ar en			2007
			2006 \$'000	\$'000
(h)		Corporate and administration:	380	504
(i)		Human resource expenses:	144	65
(j)		Marketing/advertising:	22	24
(k)		Merger and acquisition expenses:	-	-
(1)		Takeover defence expenses:	~	-
(m)		Research and development expenses:	-	-
(n)		Consultancy and legal expenses:	174	194
(0)		Donations:	-	-
(p) (q)		Directors' fees: Auditors' fees:	167	160
(4)	(i)	Audit fees paid to principal auditors:	41	45
	(ii) (iii)	Audit fees paid to other auditors: Fees paid for other services provided by principal and other auditors	-	
(r)	(iv)	Total auditors' fees: Costs of offering credit:	41	45
(1)	(i) (ii)	Bad debts written off: Increase in estimated doubtful debts:	63 -	66
	(iii)	Total cost of offering credit:	63	66
(s)	• •	Local authority rates expense: AC loss-rentals (distribution to	97	125
(t)		retailers/customers) expense:	1,048	1,290
(u)		Rebates to consumers due to ownership interest:	-	-
(v)		Subvention payments:	-	-
(w)		Unusual expenses:	-	-
(x)		Other expenditure not listed in (a) to (w)	207	218
		Total operating expenditure	17,104	15,409

In accordance with the Basis of Preparation, as noted in the Standard of Significant Accounting Policies, the expenses above include the expenses of the Electricity Lines Business excluding the management fee line item and the detailed breakdown of the management fee extracted from Eastland Infrastructure Limited's financial information.

4	Interest expense					
	(a)	Interest expense on borrowings	3,499	3,220		
	(b)	Financing charges related to finance leases	-	-		
	(c)	Other interest expense	-			
	(d)	Total interest expense	3,499	3,220		

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

#### Revenue from "Other" Business

The Electricity Lines business charges the Generation business for managing the maintenance of the generation assets, this is currently set at 10% of the external costs of that maintenance. In addition the Generation business is charged line charges for the connection of the Waihi Hydro scheme to the Eastland Network. Both charges have been consistent in the current and prior years.

Avoided transmission payments to Generation business are charged based on the level of avoided transmission permitted to be recognised as pass through costs in the Electricity Lines Business prices under the requirements of the Commerce Act (Electricity Distribution Thresholds) Notice 2004.

			2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
5	Taxation			
	Profit before taxation		5,581	6,878
	Prima facie taxation at 33% Add (subtract) tax effect of permaner Income tax expense	nt differences	1,842 <u>521</u> <u>2,363</u>	2,270 <u>(209)</u> <u>2,061</u>
	Income tax expense is made up of Current taxation Deferred taxation	6	1,307 <u>1,056</u> <u>2,363</u>	1,061 <u>1,000</u> <u>2,061</u>
6	Deferred Taxation			
	Balance at beginning of year		(3,282)	(2,282)
	Recognised in the statement of financial performance	5	(1,056)	(1,000)
	Balance at end of Year		<u>(4,338)</u>	<u>(3,282)</u>
7	Shareholders' Equity			
	Paid in share capital Asset revaluation reserve Retained earnings	8	5,573 30,187 <u>14,588</u> 50,348	5,573 30,429 <u>14,708</u> 50,710

Eastland Network Limited has Pald In Share Capital of \$8,000,000 and 8,300,000 ordinary shares on issue. Of this \$5,573,028 (69.6%) is allocated to the Electricity Lines Business based on the share of Eastland Network Limited's net assets allocated between Electricity Lines and Other businesses.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

8	Asset revaluation reserve	2007 \$′000	2006 \$'000
Ű		30,429	30,474
	Balance at beginning of year	50,425	30,474
	Disposal of revalued assets – system assets Balance at end of year	_ <u>(242)</u> <u>30,187</u>	_ <u>(45)</u> <u>30,429</u>
9	Property, plant & Equipment		
	System fixed assets at valuation Less accumulated depreciation	106,762 <u>(10,058)</u> 96,704	99,631 <u>(6,843)</u> 92,788
	Customer billing & information system assets at cost Less accumulated depreciation	1,159 <u>(1.088)</u> 71	1,159 <u>(958)</u> 201
	Motor vehicles at cost Less accumulated depreciation	237 <u>(155)</u> 82	254 <u>(171)</u> 83
	Office equipment at cost Less accumulated depreciation	356 <u>(109)</u> 247	240 <u>(43)</u> 197
	Land & buildings at valuation Less accumulated depreciation	1,464 111) 1,353	1,464 <u>(75)</u> 1,379
	Capital works under construction at cost	1,340	3,095
	Other plant and equipment at cost Less accumulated depreciation	499 <u>(404)</u> 95	463 <u>(369)</u> 94
	Total Property, plant & equipment	<u>99,892</u>	<u>97,837</u>

#### Valuation

Revalued freehold land and buildings on hand at balance date are stated at net current value as determined by an independent registered valuer Roger Kelly ANZIV of the firm Valuation & Property Services in February 2005.

Network assets have been valued at Optimised Depreciated Replacement Cost as confirmed by Kerslake and Partners, Consulting Engineers, as at 31 March 2004.

Additions since valuation date are recorded at cost.

Eastland Networ	< Limited –	Electricity	Lines Business
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#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

1010	ne year ended of that an 2007	2007 \$′000	2006 \$′000
10	Receivables and Prepayments		
	Trade Debtors Other receivables Income Tax refundable Total Receivables Payables and accruals	2,053 164 <u>285</u> 2,502 2007 \$'000	2,182 370 2,552 2006 \$'000
11	Payables and accidats		
	Current Trade creditors Other creditors Interest payable Income tax payable Employee provisions	1,777 2,460 431 - - <u>298</u> 4,966	2,327 1,703 569 128 <u>252</u> 4,979
12	Intercompany borrowings		
	Intercompany borrowings	<u>34,800</u>	<u>34,100</u>

Eastland Infrastructure Limited has arranged Bank funding from Commonwealth Bank and Westpac on behalf of the Eastland companies (Eastland Infrastructure Limited, Eastland Network Limited and Eastland Port Limited all owned 100% by Eastland Community Trust). The facility, at 31 March 2007 was \$55 million and increases to \$70 million over the following two year period, is unsecured and subject to a Deed of Negative Pledge. The borrowings are in the name of Eastland Infrastructure Limited with the other two companies acting as guarantors.

Eastland Infrastructure Limited in turn provides funding to Eastland Network Limited. The total of these loans at 31 March 2007 was \$34.8million (2006: \$34.1 million). The terms and interest rates mirror that of the bank loans provided to Eastland Infrastructure Limited. All these loans relate to the Electricity Lines Business.

These borrowings are rolled over at 90 day intervals spread throughout to the quarter. The interest rate on these borrowings is the BKBM rate at the rollover date plus 0.25%. At 31 March 2007 the rates ranged from 7.92% to 8.17%, \$1.5 million was borrowed at overnight call at the OCR rate plus 0.25%. At 31 March 2007 this rate was 7.75%.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

#### 13 Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities

The following is a reconciliation between the surplus after taxation shown in the statement of financial performance and the net cash flow from operating activities.

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	2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
Surplus after taxation Add/(less) items classified as investing/financing Activitles	3,218	4,817
Loss/(gain) on sale of other non current assets	(33)	(95)
Add/(less non-cash items Depreciation Increase in deferred taxation	3,638 <u>1,056</u> 4,694	3,486 _ <u>1,000</u> 4,486
Add/(less) movement in working capital Decrease/(increase) in receivables and prepayments Decrease/(increase) in Inventories (Decrease)/increase in payables and accruals	48 ( <u>13)</u> 35	(113) 2 <u>1,039</u> 928
Net cash flow from operating activities	7,914	<u>10,136</u>

#### 14 Contingent Liabilities

At 31 March 2007, the Electricity Lines Business has a contingent liability of \$64,799 (2006 \$64,799) in respect to subdivision developers' rebates on sections that are reticulated but undeveloped. The individual liabilities will be brought to charge as each section is developed and line charges become payable.

#### 15 Commitments

At 31 March 2007 the Electricity Lines Business had capital commitments of \$404,000 in respect of Gladstone Road cable laying as part of the 2007/08 capital works programme. The figure for 2006 was nil.

#### 16 Financial instruments

#### Credit risk

Financial assets which potentially subject the Electricity Lines Business to credit risk principally consist of bank balances and accounts receivable. The maximum credit risk is the book value of these financial instruments. However, the risk of non recovery of these amounts is considered to be minimal.

#### Currency risk

The Electricity Lines Business had no material exposure to currency risk at 31 March 2007.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

#### Interest risk

The interest rate risk is limited to bank borrowings. The total interest rate hedges amount to \$44million. At 31 March 2007 the Electricity Lines Business had interest cover of \$22 million for up to July 2009. The average fixed rate of cover at this date was 7.34% (2006: 6.52%). Since 28 February 2006 all interest rate hedges have been entered into by Eastland Infrastructure Limited on behalf of the Electricity Lines Business. At 31 March 2007 Eastland Infrastructure Limited had interest cover of \$22 million for varying periods until July 2011. The average fixed rate cover at this date was 6.64%.

Current Intere	st Rate Hedges			
Туре	Hedged Amount		Interest Rate	Expiry Date
Swap	\$7,000,000	Floating	7.685%	30 July 2008
Swap	\$10,000,000	Fixed	6.770%	30 July 2009
Swap	\$5,000,000	Fixed	6.530%	30 March 2009
Swap	\$5,000,000	Fixed	6.100%	15 July 2008
Swap	\$7,000,000	Fixed	6.845%	30 July 2008
Swap	\$5,000,000	Fixed	5.740%	30 August 2008
Сар	\$5,000,000	Fixed	7.800%	30 June 2008
Commencing a	at future dates			
Туре	Hedged Amount		Interest Rate	Start Date
Swap	\$7,500,000	Fixed	6,245%	15 July 2008
Swap	\$10,000,000	Fixed	6.380%	30 July 2009
Cap	\$10,000,000	Fixed	7.850%	30 July 2007

#### Fair Values

The carrying value of cash and bank deposits, accounts receivable and accounts payable is equivalent to their fair value.

#### **17** Transactions with related parties

#### (a) Eastland Community Trust

The Company is 100% owned by Eastland Community Trust.

Other than payment of interest on Capital Notes and the payment of dividends there have been no significant transactions between Electricity Lines Business and the Trust during the financial year.

#### (b) Eastland Port Limited

Eastland Port Limited is also 100% owned by Eastland Community Trust. The Directors of Eastland Network Limited are also directors of Eastland Port Limited.

The Electricity Lines Business leases land from Eastland Port Limited for a substation. Lease payments are \$280 per annum. (2006:\$280)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

#### 17 Transactions with related parties (continued)

#### (c) Eastland Infrastructure Limited

Eastland Infrastructure Limited is also 100% owned by Eastland Community Trust. The Directors of Eastland Network Limited are also directors of Eastland Infrastructure Limited.

Eastland Infrastructure Limited provided management services to the Electricity Lines Business for which management fees were paid to Eastland Infrastructure Limited. These fees amount to \$3.252 million (2006: \$2.890 million). The detailed breakdown of the management fee extracted from Eastland Infrastructure Limited financial information, as opposed to the management fee total, has been allocated tot he expense categories as per note 3.

Eastland Infrastructure Limited leases office space in the Company's Carnarvon Street premises for which an annual rent of \$80,088 is paid to the Electricity Lines Business. (2006: \$93,985)

The Electricity Lines Business has deposit balances with and outstanding loans from Eastland Infrastructure Limited. These are separately disclosed in the Statement of Financial Position. Interest paid on these loans during the year totalled \$2.664 million. (2006: \$515,062)

#### **18** Subsequent Events

#### Changes to company tax rates

The 2007 budget proposed a corporate tax rate cut from 33% to 30% from the beginning of the 2008/09 year. Relevant legislation regarding the new tax rate has been passed and received Royal Assent.

These changes will impact on the extent of the deferred tax benefit carried beyond 31 March 2008. The current deferred tax liability on the Electricity Lines Business is approximately \$4.3 million. The effect of the tax rate change will reduce the deferred tax liability by 10%.

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2007

## 19 Financial and efficiency performance measures under Requirement 14 of the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004.

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Financial performance measures a) Return on funds b) Return on Equity c) Return on Investment	6.0 7.2 2.3	10.9 10.7 7.5	9.6 8.8 6.4	9.7 8.8 23.2
Efficiency performance measures				
a) Direct line costs per Kilometre	\$799	\$647	\$675	\$744
<ul> <li>b) Indirect line costs per electricity consumer</li> </ul>	\$87	\$77	\$70	\$61

Annual Valuation   Year ended 31 March .	Reconciliation Report 2007	\$'000
System fixed assets at	ODV - end of the previous year	92,051
Add system fixed as	sets acquired during the year at ODV	4,763
Less system fixed as	sets disposed of during year at ODV	229
Less depreciation on	system fixed assets at ODV	3,317
Add revaluation of s	system fixed assets	
		<u>93,268</u>

FORM FOR THE DERIVATI	ION OF FINANCIA	AL PERFORMANCE N	MANCE MEASURES FRO	FORM FOR THE DERIVATION OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE MEASURES FROM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Derivation Table	Input and Catculations	Symbol in formula	ROF	ROE		RO IO
Operating surplus before interest and income lax from financial statements	9580,856					
Operating surpus before interest and income tax adjusted pursuant to requirement 18 (OSBIIT)	9,080,856					-
Interest on cash, bank balances, and short-tarm investments (ISTI)	3,499,112					
OSBIIT minus (STI	5,581,744	a	5,581,744			5,581,744
Nel surplus after tax from financial statements	3,216,139					
Net surplus after tax adjusted pursuant to requirement 18 (NSAT)	3,218,139	E		3.218,139		
Amortisation of goodwill and amortisation of other intangibles		C	add		Pre	
Subvention payment	0	n a	add			0.0
Depreciation of SFA at BV (x)	3,427,886					
Depreciation of SFA at ODV (y)	3,317,695					
ODV depreciation adjustment	110,191	σ	add 110,191	add 110,191	add	110,191
Subvention payment tax adjustment	0	5 <b>.</b> 1		deduct 0	deduct	0
Interest tax shiekd	1,154,707	œ			deduct	1,154,707
Revatuations	0	-			ađđ	0
income tax	2,363,604	æ			deduct	2,363,604
Numerator		-	5,691,935 058117 <sup>404</sup> = a + g + s + d	2,328,330 NSAT <sup>AGJ</sup> = n + g + s - s 1 + d <sup>dGJ</sup> = a + g - q + r + s + d - p - s 1	40 - a + g - q + r	2,173,624 + s + d - p - s 1
Fixed assets at end of previous financial year (FA <sub>o</sub> )	97,836,940					
Fixed assets at end of current farancial year (FA <sub>1</sub> )	99,892,153					
Adjusted net working capital at end of previous financial year (ANWCo)	254,202					
Adjusted net working capital at end of current financial year (ANWC,)	JUE 100					
Average total funds employed (ATFE)	98,788,597	υ	98,788,557			98,788,597
-	(or requirement 32 time-weighted average)			·	N -	
Total equity at end of previous financial year (TE $_{a}$ )	50,709,653					
Total equity at end of current financial year (TE <sub>1</sub> ) Average total equity	50,347,832 50,528,743	¥		50,528,743		
	(or requirement 32 time-weighted average)					

SCHEDULE 1 - PART 7 FOR THE DERIVATION OF FINANCIAL DEPENDMENCE MEASUBES FOOM FINANCIAL

20

WUC at and of previous financial year (WUC <sub>6</sub> ) WUC at end of current financial year (WUC <sub>1</sub> ) Average total works under construction	3.095.131 1.339,878 2,217,505	¢	deduct	2,217,505	deduca	2,217,505	deduct	2,217,505
Revaluations Haff of revaluations	(or requirament 32 time-weighted average) 0	- 8		÷			deduct	0
Intangible assets at end of previous financial year (IA <sub>0</sub> ) Intangible assets at end of current financial year (IA <sub>1</sub> ) Average total intangible asset	000	£		<u> </u>	BCG	<del>0</del> -		
	(or requirement 32 time-weighted average)	_						
Subvertion payment at end of previous financial year (So) Subvertion payment at end of current financial year (Sı)	0 0							
Subvention payment tax adjustment at end of previous financial year Subvention payment tax adjustment at end of current financial year	00			<u> </u>				
	0 92,788,794	>			add	<u> </u>		
System fixed assels at end of current financial year at book value (SFA) Average value of system fixed assels at book value	96.704,092 94,746,443	-	deduct	deduct 94,746,443	deduct	84.746.443	deduct	94,746,443
System Fixed assets at year beginning at ODV value (SFA	(or requirement 32 time-weighted ævsrage) 92,500,869 93,268,000 93,268,000 93,245	E	add	864 (34 5	4 6 7	92.864,345	pq	92,884,345
Denominator	(or requirement 32 time-weighted average)		ATFE <sup>404</sup> ≂	94.708.994 c - e - 1 + h p	94,708,994 54,708,994 ≡ c - e - 1 + h,Åve TE <sup>ADV</sup> = k - e	48,449,140. ≿- m + v - f + h	ATFE <sup>401</sup> = C	d + 1 - 1% - • •
Financial Performance Measure:		ROF	ROF = OSUIT <sup>AU</sup> /ATFE <sup>AU</sup>	× 100	ROE = NSAT <sup>AD</sup> /ATE <sup>ADJ</sup>	'ATE <sup>ADJ</sup> × 100	ROI « OSBILY <sup>ADI</sup> /ATFE <sup>ADI</sup>	2.3 ATFE <sup>AGU</sup> x 100

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Direct line costs per kilometre	799	647	675	744
Direct expenditure	2,913,212	2,372,204	2,477,409	2,698,961
System length	3,647.25	3,665.64	3,671.80	3,629.30

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Indirect line costs per consumer	87	77	70	61
Indirect expenditure	2,182,406	1,922,798	1,733,061	1,507,781
Total consumers	24,962	24,864	24,856	24,876

## Energy Delivery Efficiency Performance Measures (Schedule 1, Part 4)

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Load Factor (= (a/bc]*100/1)	59.79%	61.75%	62.78%	62.68%
where -				
a = Kwh of electricity entering system				
during the financial year	310,110,104	302,358,736	306,333,406	296,456,944
(this figure should be same as the total fo	or (g) from Statistic	s)		
b ≃ Maximum Demand	59,212	55,894	55,699	53,847
c = Total number of hours				
in financial year	8760	8760	8760	8,784

	2007	2006	2005	2004
Loss Ratio (= a/b*100/1)	6.19%	6.35%	6.23%	7.58%
where -				
a = losses in electricity in kWh	19,188,167	19,196,656	19,075,488	22,467,451
(this figure should be the difference betw	reen (f) and (g) fror	n Statistics)		
b = Kwh of electricity entering system				
during the financial year	310,110,104	302,358,736	306, 333, 406	296,456,944

		2007	2006	2005	2004
Capacity Ut	ilisation (= a/b*100/1)	28.59%	27.87%	28.17%	28.23%
where -					
a = Maximur	n Demand	59,212	55,894	55,699	53,847
b = Transfor	mer Capacity	207,120	200,520	197,711	190,763

## Statistics (Schedule 1, Part 4)

Statistics	Nominal Voltage	2007	2006	2005	2004
System Length (Total) (kms)					
	50k∨	299.99	295.75	293.91	293.30
	33kV	34.41	34.39	34.39	34.40
	11kV	2,548.96	2,561.24	2,573.62	2,575.65
	230/400 V	763.89	775.26	769.88	725.95
	Total	3,647.25	3,666.64	3,671.80	3,629.30
Circuit Length (Overhead) (kms)					
	50kV	298.65	294.93	293.91	293.30
	33kV	34.34	34.32	34.32	34.3(
	11kV	2,419.83	2,437.91	2,448.80	2,453.6
	230/400 V	553.25	567.90	573.18	538.40
	Total	3,306.07	3,335.06	3,350.21	3,319.6
Circuit Length (Underground) (kms)					
	50kV	1.34	0.82	0.00	0.00
	33kV	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.10
	11kV	129.13	123.33	124.82	122.00
	230/400 V	210.64	207.36	196.70	187.5
	Total	341.18	331.58	321.59	309.6
Transformer Capacity (kVA)	in kVA	207, 120	200,520	197,711	190,763
Maximum Demand			<del></del>		
(kW)	in kW	59,212	55,894	55, 699	53,847
Total Electricity entering the System, before losses of electricity (kWh)		310,110,104	302,358,736	306,333,406	296,456,944
	Name of				a su nask franka i Aras i sa u sasta su a sasta i sa
	retailer/generator				
Total amount of electricity conveyed	Contact Energy Ltd	162,996,988	164,054,061	169,852,670	162,920,804
through the system,	Mercury Energy				
atter losses of	Ltd (Mighty River)	31,019,777	28,564,857	24,012,438	12,857,080
electricity, on behalf of	Trustpower Ltd	35,668,904	40,248,140	40,403,654	41,054,204
each person that is an	Meridian Energy				
electricity generator or	Ltd	17,692,325	16,020,077	14,058,206	18,071,840
electricity retailer or both:	Genesis Energy Ltd	43,543,943	34,274,945	38,930,950	39,085,849
-	TOTAL	290,921,937	283, 162, 080	287,257,918	273,989,783
Total number of consumers	Number	24,962	24,864	24,856	24,876

Interruptions		Average Interruption Targets	Interruption Targets	Actual Interruptions				
•	1	2008/2012	2006	2007	2006	2005	2004	
·····	Class							
	Class A	H. HIMA SALAR	2.00.00.00	1	1	0	1	
Planned Interruptions	Class 8	72	72	93	89	123	112	
Unplanned Interruptions	Class C	130	130	263	231	235	248	
•	Çiass D		<b>注意保留</b> 的	0	3	2	2	
	Class E			0	0	0	0	
	Class F	1		0	0	0	0	
	Class G	1.20		4	0	0	3	
	Class H			o	0	0	0	
	Class I	11.5		0	2	0	O	
	Total	10534040	1.1.2.11.5.5.4.98	361	326	360	366	

Propertion of Total Class C Interruptions not restored: (= a/b*100/1)				Within 3 Hours	Within 24 Hours
whare -					
a = No. of interruptions not i	restored within			92	11
b = Total number of Class C	) interruptions			263	263
Proportion expressed as a p	ercentage			34.98%	4.18%
· · · · ·					

Faults		Averags Faults Faults Targets Targets		Actual number of faults					
		2008/11	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004		
Faults per 190 circuit kilometres of prescribed voltage electric line	Nominal Voltage								
	50kV	3.00	3.00	5.67	3.72	1.70	1.72		
	33kV	5.88	5.68	8.72	6.72	2.91	5.83		
	11kV	6.60	6.60	8.31	7.41	7.80	8.22		
	Total	6.26	6.26	8.07	7.09	7.20	7.61		

Faults		Actual number of faults						
	2007	2006	2005	2004				
Faults per 100 circult kilometres of underground prescribed voltage electric line	Nominal Voltage							
	50kV	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
	ззку	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
	11kV	8.80	4.64	7.99	4.09			
	Total	8.71	4.64	7.99	4.09			

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Faults		Actual number of faults						
	2007	2006	2005	2004				
Faults per 100 circuit kilometres of overhezd prescribed voltage electric line	Nominej Voljage							
	60xV	5.69	3.73	1.70	1.72			
	33kV	8.73	8.74	2.92	5.83			
	11kV	8. <b>29</b>	7.54	7.79	8.40			
	Total	8.04	7.19	7.17	7.75			

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		Average SAIDI Targets	SAIDI Targets	Actual SAIDI				
SAIDI	Сіабв				T			
		2008/12	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	
SAIDI for total number of					050.05	200.50	107.04	
interruptions (= a/b)				261.50	358.95	282.53	397.61	
where - a = sum of interruption duration								
factors for all interruptions								
b = Total consumers					S	調査の時		
							家都有主义	
SAIDI Targets (=a/b)								
Planned Interruptions	Class B	42.75	42.75	C				
Unplanned Interruptions	Class C	242.25	242.25					
whare-							的复数	
Planned Interruptions (pl)	Class B							
a <sup>h</sup> = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions		1.067.125	1,067,125					
Unplanned Interruptions (ul)	Class C							
a" = sum of interruption duration	Cisas C							
factors for all interruptions		6,047,044	6,047,044	4 19 19 19				
b = Projected total consumers	[	24,962	24,962					
SAIDI for total number of interruptions within each								
interruption class (= a/b)								
	Class A			4.32	5.53	0.00	3.17	
	Ciass B			18.76	27.50	31.00	38.05	
	Class C			237.62	321.80	249.98	295.24	
	Class D			0.00	1.22	1.55	18.75	
	Class E			. 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Class F			0.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	
	Class G			0.80	0.00	0.00	1.11	
	Class H			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	Class I			0.00	2.90	0.00	0.00	
	SAIDI for total of interruptions			261.50	358.95	282.53	356.32	
				201.00	300.50	202.03	386.32	
where -	1							
a = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions within							$[\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{F}}]_{\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{F}}} \rightarrow [\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{F}}]_{\mathcal{F}}$	
the particular interruption class						Que de la		
	Class A			107,583	137,428	0	78,750	
	Class B			467,429	683,679	770,671	946,417	
	Class C			5,919,894	8,001,348	6,213,421	7,344,364	
	Class D			0	30,383	38,505	466,448	
	Class E			0	0	0	0	
	Class F		<b>Writer</b>	0	0	0	D	
	Class G			19.872		٥	27,721	
	Class H			. 0	0	0	D	
	Class I			o Teleficit	72,195	o Sec	o MRANA	
b = Totel consumers (avg)				24,913	24,864	24,856	24,876	

	Τ	Average					
		SAIFI	SAIFI				
SAIFI	Class	Targets	Targets	Actual S			
		2008/12	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
SAIFI for total number of interruptions (=						· · · · ·	
a/b)				3,96	2.65	2.13	2.82
where -						「あざい」で	
a = sum of electricity consumers affected							
by each of those interruptions							
b = Total consumers							
SAIFI Targets (=a/b)						12.2	
Planned Interruptions	Class B	0.20	3.80		MAR IN IS		St Aller
Unplanned Interruptions	Class C	3,80	9.0V				
where-							
Planned Interruptions	Class B	<b>出版图</b>			1.672 \$126.5		
a = projected number of electricity		1		an a		1.72	
consumers affected by each of those interruptions		4.000	4,992	a si da s			
•		4,992 24,962	4,992				
b = Projected total customers		24,802		R. William			
Unclosed interruptions	Class C					SF-2.61	
Unplanned Interruptions a = projected number of electricity	01235 0					a de seu de s	
consumers affected by each of those		1					
interruptions		94,855	94,855				
b = Projected total customers		24,962	24,962				
SAIFI for total number of interruptions							
within each interruption class (= a/b)		1956			a BAR		
	Class A			0.01	0.02	0.00	0.02
	Class B			0.15	0.15	0.19	0.20
	Class C			3.78	2.46	1.92	1.75
	Class D			0.00	0.02	0.02	0.84
	Class E			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class F	1018616		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class G			0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class H			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class I SAIFI for total			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	of						
	Interruptions			3,96	2.65	Z.13	2.82
where -						<b>BEACHINE</b>	
a = sum of electricity consumers affected	1					in airte t	<b>5</b> (1)
by each of those interruptions within that							
interruption class							
	Class A			327	383	0	375
	Class B			3,686	3,663	4,723	5,026
	Class C			94,200	61,095	47,724	43,485
	Class D			0	615	497	20,791
	Class E			D	0	0	0
	Class F			0	0	0	0
	Class G			387	0	0	180
	Class H			0	0	0	0
	Class I			24,913			24,876
b = Total consumers				24,913	24,864	24,856	24,070

.

CAIDI	Class	Average CAIDI Targets	CAIDI Targets		Actua	i caídi	
		2008/12	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
CAIDI for total number of interruptions (= a/b)				66.09	136	133	127
where -							
a = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions				合子会議			
b = sum of electricity consumers affected by each of those interruptions							
CAIDI Targets (≍s/b)							
Planned Interruptions	Class B	214	214				
Unplanned Interruptions	Class C	64	64				
where-							
Planned Interruptions	Class 8	전성화법		File 195			
a = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions		1,087,125	1,067,125				
b = projected number of electricity consumers affected by each of those interruptions		4,992	4,982				
Unplanned Interruptions	Class C	建建制度					
a = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions		6,047,044	6,047,044				
b = projected number of electricity consumers affected by							
each of those interruptions		94,855	94,855				<b>计编辑</b> 字句:
CAIDI for total number of interruptions within each interruption class (= a/b)							
	Class A		1 GLAD	329.00	359.00	0.00	210.00
	Class B			127.60	187.00	166.00	168.00
	Class C			62.84 0.00	131.00 49.00	130.00 309.00	169.00 22.00
	Class D Class E			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class F			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class G			51.35	0.00	0.00	154.00
	Class H			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Class I CAIDI for total			0.00	1,031.00	0.00	0.00
	of interruptions			65.09	136.00	133.00	127.00
where -			許認得早				
a = sum of interruption duration factors for all interruptions							
	Class A			107,583	137,428	0	78,750
	Class B		i de la com	467,429			
	Class C			5,919,894			
	Class D Class E			0	· ·	38,505 0	
	Class F			0	0	0	
	Class G			19,872	0	0	27,721
	Class H			0	0	0	0
	Class I			0 2002/2012	72,195		0 1999-1999
b = sum of electricity consumers affected by each of those interruptions within that interruption class							
	Class A			327	383	0	375
	Class B			3,666	3,663	4,723	5,026
	Class C Class D			94,200 0	61,095 615	47,724 497	43,485 20,791
	Class E			0	0	497 0	0
	Class F			0	o	0	0
	Class G			387	0	0	160
	Class H Class I			0 0	0 70	0	0

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#### CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION REPORT OF DISCLOSING ENTITIES

We, Trevor William Taylor and Roger Neil Taylor, directors of Eastland Network Limited certify that, having made all reasonable enquiry, to the best of our knowledge-

- (a) the attached valuation report of Eastland Network Limited, prepared for the purposes of requirement 19 of the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004 complies with those requirements: and
- (b) the replacement cost of the line business system fixed assets of Eastland Network Limited Is \$187,619,000; and
- (c) the depreciated replacement cost of the line business system fixed assets of Eastland Network Limited is \$87,482,000; and
- (d) the optimised depreciated replacement cost of the line business system fixed assets of Eastland Network Limited is \$86,184,000; and
- (e) the optimised deprival valuation of the line business system fixed assets of Eastland Network Limited is \$86,184,000; and
- (f) the values in paragraphs (b) through to (e) have been prepared in accordance with the ODV Handbook (as defined in the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004). These valuations are as at 31 March 2004.

Director

Director

3 March 2005



#### AUDITORS OPINION IN RELATION TO ODV VALUATION

#### EASTLAND NETWORK LIMITED

We have examined the valuation report of Eastland Network Limited and dated 6 December 2004, which report contains valuations of system fixed assets as at 31 March 2004.

In our opinion, having made all reasonable enquiry, and to the best of our knowledge, the valuations contained in the report, including the total valuation of system fixed assets of \$86,184,000 have been made in accordance with the ODV Handbook (as defined in the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004).

Setule

Bruce Loader KPMG P O Box 274 Christchurch

6 December 2004



## REPORT OF THE AUDITOR-GENERAL TO THE READERS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF EASTLAND NETWORK LIMITED'S ELECTRICITY LINES BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

We have audited the financial statements of Eastland Network Limited's Electricity Lines Business (the "Electricity Lines Business") on pages 2 to 18. The financial statements provide information about the past financial performance of the Electricity Lines Business and its financial position as at 31 March 2007. This information is stated in accordance with the accounting policles set out on pages 5 to 9.

#### **Directors' Responsibilities**

The Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004 made under section 57T of the Commerce Act 1986 require the Directors to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Electricity Lines Business at 31 March 2007, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities

Section 15 of the Public Audit Act 2001 and Regulation 30 of the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004 require the Auditor-General to audit the financial statements. It is the responsibility of the Auditor-General to express an independent opinion on the financial statements and report that opinion to you.

The Auditor-General has appointed Bruce Taylor of Deloitte to undertake the audit.

#### **Basis of Opinion**

An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes assessing:

- the significant estimates and judgements made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Electricity Lines Business's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Auditing Standards published by the Auditor-General, which incorporate the Auditing Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of New Zealand. We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements, whether caused by fraud or error. In forming our opinion, we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Partners and employees of our firm may deal with the company on normal terms within the ordinary course of trading activities of the business of the company. These matters have not impaired our Independence as auditors of the electricity lines business. The firm has no other relation with, or Interests in the Electricity Lines Business.

# **Deloitte**.

#### **Unqualified Opinion**

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required.

In our opinion -

- proper accounting records have been maintained by the Electricity Lines Business as far as appears from our examination of those records; and
- the financial statements of the Electricity Lines Business on pages 2 to 18:
  - (a) comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand; and
  - (b) give a true and fair view of the Electricity Lines Business's financial position as at 31 March 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
  - (c) comply with the Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004.

Ourvaudit was completed on 4 March 2008 and our qualified opinion is expressed as at that date.

Bruce Taylor Deloitte On behalf of the Auditor-General Hamilton, New Zealand

## Matters Relating to the Electronic Presentation of the Audited Information Disclosure Financial Statements of Eastland Network Limited's Electricity Lines Business for the Year Ended 31 March 2007

This audit report relates to the Information disclosure financial statements of Eastland Network Limited's Electricity Lines Business for the year ended 31 March 2007 included on Eastland Network's website. Eastland Network's Board of Directors is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the company's website. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the company's website. We accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

The audit report refers only to the financial statements named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to or from these financial statements. If readers of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communication they should refer to the published hard copy of the audited financial statements and related audit report dated 4 March 2008 to confirm the information included in the audited financial statements presented on this website.

Legislation in New Zealand governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# **Deloitte**.

## AUDITOR-GENERAL'S OPINION ON THE PERFORMANCE MEASURES OF EASTLAND NETWORK LIMITED'S ELECTRICITY LINES BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

We have examined the information on pages 19 to 27, being -

- (a) the derivation table in requirement 15;
- (b) the annual ODV reconciliation report in requirement 16;
- (c) the time weighted averages calculations in requirements 32;
- (d) the financial performance measures in clause 1 of Part 3 of Schedule 1; and
- (e) the financial components of the efficiency performance measures in clause 2 of Part 3 of Schedule 1, -

that were prepared by Eastland Network Limited's Electricity Lines Business and dated 31 March 2007 for the purposes of the Commerce Commission's Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004.

In our opinion having made all reasonable enquiry, and to the best of our knowledge, that information has been prepared in accordance with those Electricity Information Disclosure Requirements 2004.

Bruce Taylor Deloitte On behalf of the Auditor-General Hamilton, New Zealand 4 March 2008